

## Engineered M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase Basic Kit, 50 rxns (Cat No: RN012S)

### Description:

Engineered M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase Basic Kit include a rationally designed M-MLV RT that exhibits increased thermal stability and reduced RNase H activity (RNase H<sup>-</sup>) than the wild type M-MLV RT.

- Engineered M-MLV RT remains active up to 50°C increasing the length and yield of cDNA compared to WT version.
- Able to efficiently detect and produce cDNA in reactions that have less than 100 pg of RNA template.
- Able to amplify region up to 8kb.

### Source:

Gene coding the respective variant is heterologously expressed in *E.coli*.

### Unit Definition:

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme needed to catalyze the incorporation of 1 nmol dTTP into acid-insoluble material in 10 min under 37°C with poly(rA) and oligo(dT).

### Reagents supplied:

RN012S kit		
Cat No	Description	Tubes No.
RN001S	Engineered MMLV Reverse transcriptase, 200u/μl, 0.05ml (200 units/μl in 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4, 100 mM NaCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 50 % glycerol, 0.01% IGEPAL, 1mM DTT)	1
BR055-1	5x Reverse Transcriptase buffer, 1ml (250 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.3), 375 mM KCl, 15 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> )	1
BR056-0.5	100mM DTT, 0.5ml	1
BR028-0.15	dNTPs mix 10mM each, 0.15ml	1
BR033-1	Nuclease Free Water, 1 ml	1



## Reaction guidelines and tips:

Quantities per Reaction (20µL Final Reaction Volume):

1. Preparation of Mix A	<p>1 ng -2 µg of total RNA*</p> <p>2 µL oligod(T)<sub>18</sub> from 50 µM stock <sup>§, §§</sup></p> <p>1 µl dNTPs mix from 10 mM each stock</p> <p>X µl of Nuclease Free Water to 10 µl</p>
2. Incubate Mix A at 65° C for 5 min, then transfer for 1 min on ice (meanwhile prepare Mix B)	
3. Preparation of Mix B	<p>2,5 µl of Nuclease Free Water</p> <p>4 µl from 5x RT Buffer</p> <p>2 µl DTT from 100 mM stock</p> <p>0,5 µl of RNase inhibitor**</p> <p>1 µL of Reverse Transcriptase enzyme from stock of 200 U/µl</p>
4. Following Step 2, add 10 µL of Mix B to the reaction	
5. Incubate at 37° C to 55° C for <b>15 minutes</b> ***	
6. Heat inactivate the Reverse Transcriptase at 65° C for 20 min	
7. Cool down the cDNA to room temperature and use 0,1 - 2 µl in PCR reaction	

\* ≤ 0,1 ng may suffice for detecting certain RNA populations that are abundant like e.g. Rubisco transcript in plants. Use 10 times less RNA quantity for coding RNAs enriched substrates.

\*\* The final concentration of the RNase Inhibitor is 1 U/µL. Since RT enzyme and reagents have been checked for the presence of RNases and DNases, this step may be omitted if the sample is of high RNA quality.

\*\*\* Routine temp for a standard reaction is 42° C. For most RNA cases tested complete cDNA production was performed within **10-15 minutes** independently of the incubation temperature. Optimize depending on your target and provide us with your feedback to get special offers and rewards!

§ In case of random hexamers, add 2 µl from 50 µM stock per 20 µl RT reactions. Following “step2” incubate for 5 minutes at 25° C or room temperature before incubating the reaction to 42° C.

§§ In case of gene specific primer, add 2 µl from 2 µM primer stock. Incubate at 50° C for cDNA production. Optimize to your case, depending on primer’s Tm. Incorporate 5-10 degrees below the Tm of your oligo. Do not incubate at temperatures higher than 55° C.



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**Functional Quality Control:**

Two step cDNA synthesis reaction in order to amplify an 831-bp region using 1ng Hela RNA as substrate. The resulting PCR product is visualized as a single band on a midori-stained agarose gel.

**Other Quality Controls**

Tested extensively for the absence of DNases and RNases and *E.coli* DNA contamination.

**Shipping**

Shipped on blue ice or dry ice

**Storage conditions**

Store at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Shelf life:**

12 months upon production

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